

This Booklet contains 12 printed pages. Question Booklet No. : 07250

Question Booklet for TDP/TDP (H) 6th Semester Exam., 2017

HUMAN RIGHTS AND GENDER STUDIES

Full Marks : 80]

(SOFT STUDY COURSE)

[Time : 3 Hours

Question Booklet SET No. : B

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Read the following INSTRUCTIONS carefully :

1. Use black/blue dot pen only.
2. Fill in the particulars given below in this page.
3. Fill in the particulars (on the Side 1) of the OMR Answer Sheet as per Instructions contained in OMR Answer Sheet.
4. The SET No. of this Question Booklet is B. Write the SET No. at the specific space provided in the OMR Answer Sheet.
5. There are 80 (eighty) questions in this Question Booklet, each carrying 1 (one) mark.
6. Each question or incomplete statement is followed by 4 (four) suggestive answers—[A], [B], [C] and [D] of which only one is correct. Mark the correct answer by darkening the appropriate circle.
7. Marking of more than one answer against any question will be treated as incorrect response and no mark shall be awarded.
8. Any change in answer made or erased by using solid or liquid eraser will damage the OMR Answer Sheet resulting in rejection of the whole Answer Sheet by the computer. Therefore, do not change or erase once the answer is marked.
9. No part of the Question Booklet shall be detached or defaced under any circumstances.
10. Use of mobile phone, calculator, log table, compass, scale and any electronic gadget is strictly prohibited in the Examination Hall.
11. Question Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet must be returned to the Invigilator within 3 (three) Hours of the commencement of the examination.
12. Adoption of unfair means in any form or violation of instruction as mentioned in Point No. 10 shall result into expulsion from the entire examination.
13. The candidate must ensure that the Question Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet are signed by the Invigilator.
14. After opening the Question Booklet, check the total number of printed pages and report to the Invigilator in case of any discrepancy.

Roll Number :

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OMR Answer Sheet No. :

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(As printed in the OMR Answer Sheet)

	Verified and found correct
Full Signature of the Candidate	Signature of the Invigilator with date

1. The difference between sex and gender is

- [A] both symbolizes the same meaning
- [B] sex is biological determination and gender is socio-cultural construct
- [C] sex and gender both are the biological identification
- [D] None of the above

2. Patriarchy means

- [A] a male dominated society
- [B] an equally controlled society
- [C] a female dominated society
- [D] None of the above

3. Different strategies have been used in the women's movement to

- [A] spread awareness
- [B] seek justice
- [C] fight discrimination
- [D] All of the above

4. Patrilineal means

- [A] two families having the common origin
- [B] a family counted for another branch of family
- [C] family traces the lineage from the father side
- [D] family traces the lineage from the mother side

5. Marriage to more than one wife is called

- [A] polyandry
- [B] polygamy
- [C] matrilineality
- [D] matrifocality

6. Who authored the book, *The Origin of the Family, Private Property and the State*?

- [A] Karl Marx
- [B] Friedrich Engels
- [C] Kamla Bhasin
- [D] Sharmila Rege

7. The terms 'masculine' and 'feminine' refer to

- [A] sex
- [B] gender
- [C] Both [A] and [B]
- [D] None of the above

8. Whose efforts led to Widow Remarriage Act of 1856?

- [A] Ram Mohan Roy
- [B] Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
- [C] Pandita Ramabai
- [D] Jyotirao Phule

9. International Women's Day is celebrated on
- [A] 8th March
[B] 10th March
[C] 12th March
[D] 9th March
10. The venue of world conference on the issue of women organized by the United Nations in 1975 was
- [A] Mexico
[B] Beijing
[C] Copenhagen
[D] Nairobi
11. The essay, *The Subjection of Women* is written by
- [A] Bertrand Russell
[B] John Stuart Mill
[C] Karl Marx
[D] Friedrich Engels
12. A dowry
- [A] is compensation to the bride's family for losing a daughter
[B] is the transfer of money or wealth by the groom's family
[C] is wealth received by the bride from her husband's family
[D] is compensation for taking responsibility for the bride where women are regarded as economic burden
13. The Vishakha guideline is related to
- [A] sexual harassment at workplace
[B] domestic violence
[C] rape law
[D] None of the above
14. Dalit women are oppressed by
- [A] caste position
[B] patriarchal system
[C] class system
[D] Both [A] and [B]
15. The feminist perspective which has patriarchy as its fundamental concepts in the explanation of gender inequality is
- [A] liberal feminism
[B] radical feminism
[C] socialist feminism
[D] Marxist feminism
16. Sociologists use the term 'sex' to refer, to
- [A] anatomical and physiological differences
[B] erotic and physical practices
[C] psychological and social differences
[D] emotional and cultural practices

17. Discrimination generally means

- [A] different treatment, better than normal
- [B] different treatment, worse than normal
- [C] equal treatment
- [D] indifference

18. Female infanticide is the practice of killing female infant immediately

- [A] after the birth
- [B] before the birth
- [C] after marriage
- [D] None of the above

19. Boys don't cry. It's a matter of

- [A] sex
- [B] psychology
- [C] gender
- [D] All of the above

20. One of the strategies of Mahatma Gandhi behind using charkha was that

- [A] women could participate even from their homes in the movement using charkha
- [B] charkha was easily available
- [C] charkha was easy to use
- [D] charkha did not break the laws

21. The liberal feminism was greatly strengthened by the writing

- [A] *The Subjection of Women* by John Stuart Mill
- [B] *Gender and History* by Susan Kingsley Kent
- [C] *Women's Human Rights* by Niamh Reilly
- [D] *Feminism or Womanism? A Personal History* by Cynthia Stephen

22. The first Indian Women's University was set up in 1916 by

- [A] Prof. D. K. Karve
- [B] Irawati Karve
- [C] Indira Gandhi
- [D] Sarojini Naidu

23. Gerontology is the study of

- [A] human beings
- [B] special groups
- [C] aged and the process of ageing
- [D] All of the above

24. The Bill on Protection of Women from Domestic Violence was passed in the year

- [A] 1995
- [B] 2006
- [C] 1980
- [D] 2005

25. Which activity among the following is not a part of Section 354-A of the Indian Penal Code?

- [A] Showing pornography against the will of a woman
- [B] Intercourse by a man with his wife during separation
- [C] A demand or request for sexual favours
- [D] Making sexually coloured remarks

26. The fourth World Conference on Women was held in Beijing in

- [A] 1994
- [B] 1995
- [C] 1996
- [D] 1997

27. CEDAW stands for

- [A] Convention on Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women
- [B] Cooperation on Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women
- [C] Coordination on Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women
- [D] None of the above

28. The Committee on the 'Status of Women' in India was formed in

- [A] 1951
- [B] 1961
- [C] 1971
- [D] 1981

29. The Report of the Committee on the 'Status of Women' was published in

- [A] 1964
- [B] 1974
- [C] 1984
- [D] None of the above

30. The book, *A Vindication of the Rights of Women* (1792) was written by

- [A] Virginia Woolf
- [B] Mary Wollstonecraft
- [C] John Stuart Mill
- [D] Martha Nussbaum

31. "One is not born a woman, but becomes one" was said by

- [A] Judith Butler
- [B] Simone de Beauvoir
- [C] Carol Gilligan
- [D] Radhika Chopra

32. Gender Stereotypes are simplistic generalizations about the gender

- [A] attributes
- [B] differences
- [C] sexual differences
- [D] All of the above

33. The liberal feminism believes that women's emancipation is
- [A] possible within the existing system
 - [B] not possible within the existing system
 - [C] already being at an advanced stage
 - [D] never possible
34. The idea of 'Universal Sisterhood' was advocated by
- [A] socialist feminists
 - [B] radical feminists
 - [C] liberal feminists
 - [D] monarchists
35. Gender studies refer to the academic study of the phenomena of
- [A] gender
 - [B] sex
 - [C] patriarchy
 - [D] None of the above
36. "World-historical defeat of the female sex" meant for Friedrich Engels is both the transformation of women into property and
- [A] abolition of Right to education for women
 - [B] disappearance of mother's right
 - [C] exclusion of women as voters
 - [D] None of the above
37. Research in India shows that women's risk of intimate violence is linked to
- [A] tolerance of violence against woman in the community
 - [B] lack of education in male partners
 - [C] poverty
 - [D] None of the above
38. The type of violence that occurs in intimate partnership can be physical, sexual and
- [A] political
 - [B] financial
 - [C] psychological
 - [D] biological
39. In India, the pioneer of feminism (liberal) is
- [A] Iswar Chandra Vidyasagar
 - [B] Henry Derozio
 - [C] Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 - [D] Rabindranath Tagore
40. Friedrich Engels suggested that for women to reclaim humanity, it is necessary that they would have enter into the realm of
- [A] cultural activities
 - [B] agricultural works
 - [C] social production
 - [D] fine arts

41. Human Rights are

- [A] inalienable
- [B] indivisible
- [C] interdependent
- [D] All of the above

42. Who said, "Every State is known by the rights that it maintains."?

- [A] James Mill
- [B] Bentham
- [C] Laski
- [D] Locke

43. Who said, "Man is born free, but everywhere he is in chains."?

- [A] Rousseau
- [B] Hobbes
- [C] Locke
- [D] T. H. Green

44. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) was adopted by the General Assembly of the UNO on

- [A] 10th December, 1950
- [B] 10th December, 1948
- [C] 10th December, 1947
- [D] 10th December, 1951

45. The UDHR consists of

- [A] 26 Articles
- [B] 28 Articles
- [C] 30 Articles
- [D] 32 Articles

46. The Magna Carta was signed in

- [A] 1212 AD
- [B] 1217 AD
- [C] 1218 AD
- [D] 1215 AD

47. The Magna Carta is also known as the

- [A] Great Charter of Liberty
- [B] Great Charter of Humanity
- [C] Great Charter of Polity
- [D] Great Charter of Economy

48. Which of the following is the source of International Human Rights Law?

- [A] International Treaties
- [B] International Custom
- [C] Judicial Decisions
- [D] All of the above

49. The First-Generation Rights stands for

- [A] Rights to education
- [B] civil and political rights
- [C] Rights to health, food, housing and work
- [D] Rights to peace and Rights to environment

50. The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR) was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on

- [A] 14th December, 1966
- [B] 15th December, 1966
- [C] 16th December, 1966
- [D] 17th December, 1966

51. The International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ICESCR) came into force from

- [A] 3rd January, 1976
- [B] 7th January, 1976
- [C] 9th January, 1976
- [D] 12th January, 1976

52. The establishment of the International Committee of the Red Cross and the International Humanitarian Law were in the year

- [A] 1864
- [B] 1964
- [C] 1764
- [D] None of the above

53. The term of office of the Chairperson of National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) will be

- [A] 3 years
- [B] 4 years
- [C] 5 years
- [D] 6 years

54. In which year, Mr. Francis Deng presented a set of guiding principles on internally displaced population to the Commission on Human Rights?

- [A] 1992
- [B] 1994
- [C] 1996
- [D] 1998

55. When the convention relating to the Status of Refugees of 1951 did come into force?

- [A] April 22, 1952
- [B] May 22, 1955
- [C] April 22, 1954
- [D] May 22, 1959

56. The International Court of Justice is located in

- [A] New York
- [B] Geneva
- [C] Hague
- [D] London

57. Which of the following Articles was described by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar as the 'heart and soul' of the Constitution of India?
- [A] Article 14
[B] Article 19
[C] Article 22
[D] Article 32
58. Which of the following categories of Fundamental Rights incorporates 'Abolition of Untouchability'?
- [A] Right to equality
[B] Right to freedom
[C] Right to religion
[D] Right to education
59. UNDP stands for
- [A] United Nations Directive Plan
[B] United Nations Development Programme
[C] United Nations Divisional Plan
[D] None of the above
60. In the Indian Constitution, Fundamental Rights are contained in
- [A] Articles 12 to 35
[B] Articles 40 to 52
[C] Articles 64 to 75
[D] None of the above
61. Protection and improvement of environment is ensured in the
- [A] Article 29
[B] Article 32
[C] Article 45
[D] Article 48
62. The Amnesty International was founded in London in
- [A] July, 1951
[B] July, 1961
[C] July, 1971
[D] July, 1981
63. When and where was the Slavery Abolition Act established?
- [A] 1742, China
[B] 1807, Britain
[C] 1833, the United States
[D] None of the above
64. Who launched the 'Chipko Movement' in the hills of Garhwal during 1980s?
- [A] Sunderlal Bahuguna
[B] Baba Amte
[C] Medha Patkar
[D] Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

65. The main thrust of 'Copenhagen Summit' was
- [A] food security
 - [B] air pollution
 - [C] rehabilitation
 - [D] climate change
66. The 'Rio Summit' was declared in
- [A] 1992
 - [B] 1994
 - [C] 1997
 - [D] 1998
67. Right to Development is a
- [A] individual right
 - [B] collective right
 - [C] political right
 - [D] social right
68. The Convention on the Rights of the Child was adopted in
- [A] 1982
 - [B] 1986
 - [C] 1989
 - [D] 1990
69. The protection of life and liberty of Indian Citizen is secured by the
- [A] Article 17
 - [B] Article 21
 - [C] Article 25
 - [D] Article 29
70. Which Article of the Indian Constitution provides for prevention of bonded labour?
- [A] Article 19
 - [B] Article 21
 - [C] Article 23
 - [D] Article 25
71. When has India ratified the 'CEDAW'?
- [A] 1993
 - [B] 1995
 - [C] 1996
 - [D] 1998
72. The Environmental Degradation and Human Rights were first placed in the International Agenda in
- [A] 1971
 - [B] 1972
 - [C] 1975
 - [D] 1978

73. Who said, 'Swaraj is my birth right'?
- [A] Gandhiji
[B] Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
[C] Subhas Chandra Bose
[D] Bal Gangadhar Tilak
74. The book, *A Memory of Solferino* was published in
- [A] 1861
[B] 1862
[C] 1864
[D] 1866
75. Which Article of the Indian Constitution contains a special provision for the advancement of socially and educationally backward classes of Indian citizen?
- [A] Article 14
[B] Article 15
[C] Article 16
[D] Article 17
76. The Right to Free and Compulsory Education of Indian children is guaranteed in
- [A] Article 19-A
[B] Article 20-A
[C] Article 21-A
[D] Article 22-A
77. Who wrote *Development as Freedom*?
- [A] Ram Mohan Roy
[B] John Mill
[C] James Mill
[D] Amartya Sen
78. Which day is being celebrated as the UN Day?
- [A] 24th October
[B] 26th October
[C] 28th October
[D] 30th October
79. The National Human Rights Commission consists of how many members?
- [A] 5
[B] 7
[C] 8
[D] 9
80. Legal rights are recognized and enforced by
- [A] society
[B] State
[C] association
[D] public opinion